19-3978; Rev 3; 12/06

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

1x/1.5x/2x White LED Charge Pumps with Two LDOs in 4mm x 4mm TQFN

General Description

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y charge pumps drive up to eight white LEDs with regulated constant current for uniform intensity. The main group of LEDs (M1-M6) can be driven up to 30mA per LED for backlighting. The flash group of LEDs (F1 and F2) is independently controlled and can be driven up to 200mA per LED (or 400mA total). Two 200mA LDOs are on-board to provide power for camera functions. The LDOs' output voltages are pin programmable to meet different camera-module requirements. The MAX8645X and MAX8645Y differ only in LDO output voltages. By utilizing adaptive 1x/1.5x/2x chargepump modes and very-low-dropout current regulators, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y achieve high efficiency over the full 1-cell lithium-battery voltage range. The 1MHz fixed-frequency switching allows for tiny external components, and the regulation scheme is optimized to ensure low EMI and low input ripple.

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y are available in a 28-pin TQFN, 4mm x 4mm (0.8mm max height) lead-free package.

Applications

Camera Phones and Smartphones

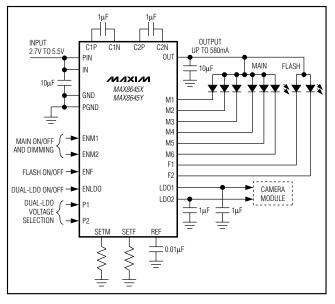
Backlighting and Flash

MIXIM

PDAs, Digital Cameras, and Camcorders

- Power Up to Eight LEDs Up to 30mA/LED Drive for Backlight Up to 400mA Total Drive for Flash
- Two Internal Low-Noise 200mA LDOs
- ♦ 94% Max/85% Avg Efficiency (PLED/PBATT) over Li+ **Battery Discharge**

- 0.2% Typical LED Current Matching
- Adaptive 1x/1.5x/2x Mode Switchover
- Flexible Brightness Control Single-Wire, Serial-Pulse Interface (32 Steps) 2-Bit Logic (Three Levels)
- Thermal T_A Derating Function
- Low Input Ripple and EMI
- 2.7V to 5.5V Supply Voltage Range
- Soft-Start, Overvoltage, and Thermal-Shutdown Protection
- 28-Pin TQFN, 4mm x 4mm Package



Typical Operating Circuit

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX8645XETI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP 4mm x 4mm	T2844-1
MAX8645YETI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP 4mm x 4mm	T2844-1

EP = Exposed paddle.

+Denotes a lead-free package.

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

X8645X/MAX8645Y

Features

Maxim Integrated Products 1 For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PIN, IN, OUT, REFBP to GND0.3V to +6.0V SETF, SETM, ENLDO, ENM1, ENM2, ENF, P1, P2, LDO1, LDO2 to GND0.3V to (V _{IN} + 0.3V) M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, F1, F2 to GND0.3V to (V _{OUT} + 0.3V) C1N, C2N to GND0.3V to (V _{IN} + 1V) C1P, C2P to GND0.3V to the greater of (V _{OUT} + 1V) or (V _{IN} + 1V) PGND to GND0.3V to +0.3V	Continuc 28-Pin (derate Operatin Junction Storage Lead Ter
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OUT, LDO1, LDO2 Short Circuit to GND	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
28-Pin TQFN 4mm x 4mm	
(derate 20.8mW/°C above +70°C)	1666mW
Operating Temperature Range	
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V, ENM1 = ENM2 = ENF = IN, R_{SETM} = R_{SETF} = 6.8k\Omega, P1 = P2 = unconnected, C_{REF} = 0.01\mu$ F, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
IN Operating Voltage			2.7		5.5	V
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V _{IN} rising or falling		2.25	2.45	2.60	V
Undervoltage-Lockout Hysteresis				130		mV
	1MHz switching, no load, 1.5x or 2x mode	Э		4.0	5.5	
Supply Current	1x mode 10% setting, ENF = GND, V_{ENLI} ILDO1 = ILDO2 = 0A	$OO = V_{IN},$		0.4		mA
		V _{IN} ,		110		μA
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	5	
Shutdown Supply Current	ENM1 = ENM2 = ENF = ENLDO = GND	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.1		μA
EN_ High Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V	·	1.4			V
EN_ Low Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V				0.4	V
EN_ Input Current	$V_{EN} = 0V \text{ or } 5.5V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	
	VEN_ = 0V 01 5.5V	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.1		μA
ENM_ or ENF Low Shutdown Delay t _{SHDN}	See Figure 1		1.5	2.0	2.5	ms
ENM_ or ENF tLO	See Figure 1		0.5		250.0	μs
ENM_ or ENF t _{HI}	See Figure 1		0.5			μs
Initial ENM_ or ENF tHI	Only required for first ENM_ or ENF pulse	; see Figure 1	200			μs
P1, P2 Shutdown Input Current				1		μA
P1, P2 Input Impedance				150		kΩ
Thermal-Shutdown Threshold	Temperature rising			+160		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis				20		°C
CHARGE PUMP						
Overvoltage-Protection Threshold	V _{OUT} rising			5		V
Soft-Start Time				2		ms

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V, ENM1 = ENM2 = ENF = IN, R_{SETM} = R_{SETF} = 6.8k\Omega, P1 = P2 = unconnected, C_{REF} = 0.01\mu$ F, TA = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at TA = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIO	NS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
1x to 1.5x or 1.5x to 2x Mode Transition Threshold			90	100	110	mV
Input Voltage-Mode Transition Hysteresis				150		mV
Charge-Pump Maximum OUT Current	$V_{IN} \ge 3.15V, V_{OUT} = 3.9V$		580			mA
	1x mode (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) / I _{OUT}			0.3	1.0	
Open-Loop OUT Resistance	1.5x mode (1.5VIN - VOUT) / IOUT			1.1	4.0	Ω
	2x mode (2VIN - VOUT) / IOUT			1.5	4.14	
Charge-Pump Short-Circuit Current	V _{OUT} < 1.25V			500		mA
Switching Frequency				1		MHz
OUT Pulldown Resistance in Shutdown	ENM_ = ENF = GND			5		kΩ
LED DRIVER						
SET_ Bias Voltage	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			0.6		V
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	
SET_ Leakage in Shutdown	ENM_ = ENF = GND	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.1		μA
SET_ Current Range			10		145	μA
SETM-to-Main LED Current Ratio (IM_/ISETM)	100% setting, M1–M6			230		A/A
SETF-to-Flash LED Current Ratio (IF_/ISETF)	100% setting, F1 and F2			1380		A/A
	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-1.25		+1.25	
M_, F_ Current Accuracy	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to current derating st	art temperature	-4		+4	%
Maximum Main LED Sink Current	$R_{\text{SETM}} = 4.6 \text{k}\Omega$, for each M_	·		30		mA
Maximum Flash LED Sink Current	$R_{SETF} = 4.12k\Omega$, $I_{F1} + I_{F2}$			400		mA
Current-Derating-Function Start Temperature				+40		°C
Current-Derating-Function Slope	$T_A = +40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			-1.7		%/°C
Dropout Voltage	(Note 2)			40	90	mV
1.5x and 2x Regulation Voltage				150		mV
M. E. Lashana i. Oʻlu til		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	2	
M_, F_ Leakage in Shutdown	ENM_ = ENF = GND	T _A = +85°C		0.1		μA
LDO_	•	•				
Output Voltage Accuracy	ILDO_ = 150mA, relative to VOUT	NOM) (Note 3)	-1.7	0	+1.7	%
Output Current Range			0		200	mA
Current Limit	$V_{LDO_} = 0V$		280	475	750	mA
Soft-Start Current Limit				160		mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{GND} = V_{PGND} = 0V, ENM1 = ENM2 = ENF = IN, R_{SETM} = R_{SETF} = 6.8k\Omega, P1 = P2 = unconnected, C_{REF} = 0.01\mu F, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

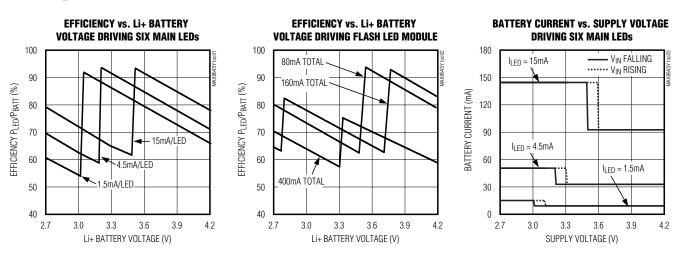
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Soft-Start Done Time			100		μs
Dropout Voltage	I _{LDO} = 200mA (Note 4)		120	320	mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 3.7V, 100\mu A < I_{LDO} < 200 m A$			1.3	%
Power-Supply Rejection $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	10Hz to 10kHz, $C_{LDO_} = 1\mu$ F, $I_{LDO_} = 10\mu$ A		-60		dB
Output Noise Voltage (RMS)	10Hz to 100kHz, $C_{LDO_} = 1\mu F$, $I_{LDO_} = 10mA$		40		μV _{RMS}

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: LED dropout voltage is defined as the M_ or F_ to GND voltage at which current into M_ or F_ drops 10% from the value at M_ or F_ = 0.2V.

Note 3: (Greater of 2.7V or (V_{LDO} + 0.5V)) \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5V.

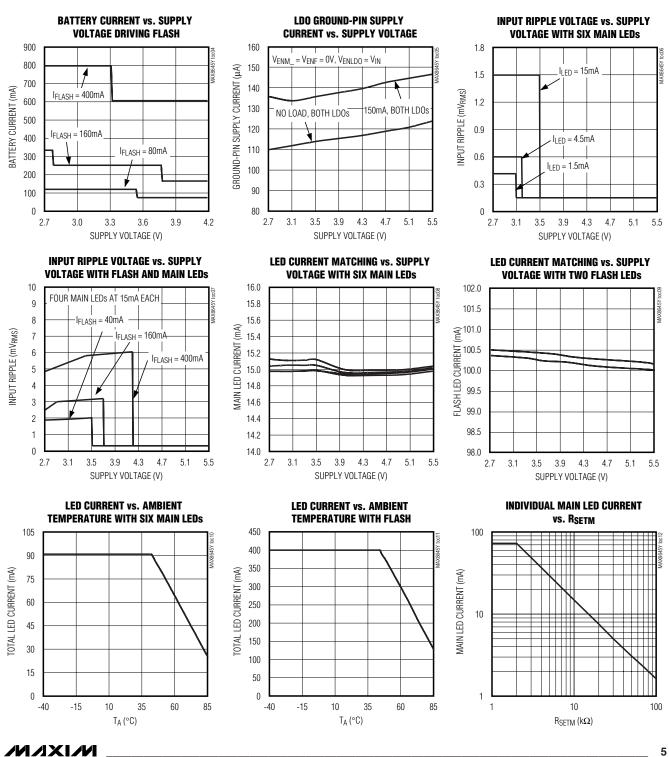
Note 4: LDO dropout voltage is defined as V_{IN} - V_{OUT} when V_{OUT} is 100mV below the value of V_{OUT} measured when V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(NOM)}$ + 1V. Since the minimum input voltage is 2.7V, this specification is only meaningful when $V_{OUT(NOM)}$ > 2.5V.



Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V, circuit of Figure 2, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

M/IXI/M



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued) $(V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V, \text{ circuit of Figure 2}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

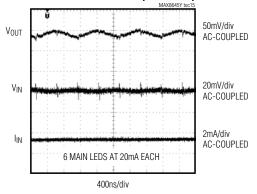
M /X / M

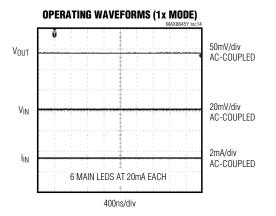
MAX8645X/MAX86451

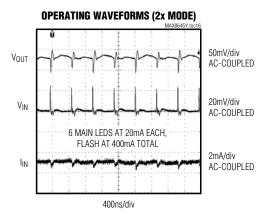
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

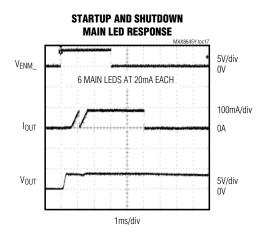
($V_{IN} = V_{EN_{-}} = 3.6V$, circuit of Figure 2, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

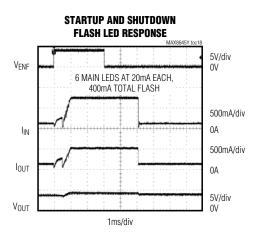
OPERATING WAVEFORMS (1.5x MODE)











MIXIM

MAX8645X/MAX8645Y

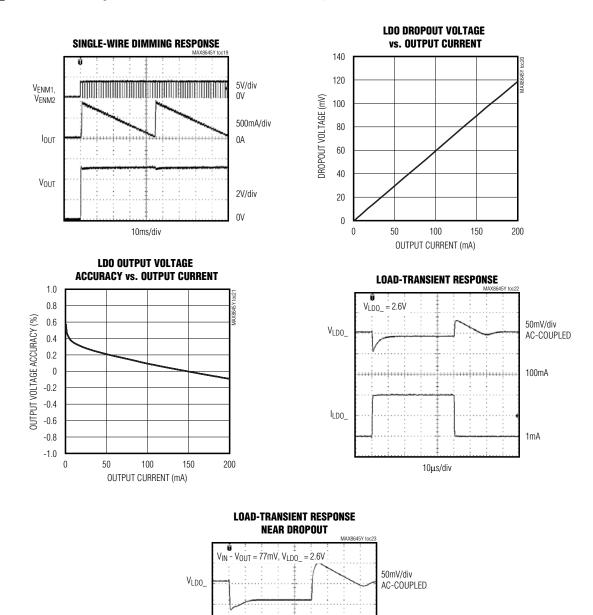


Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

100mA

1mA

 $(V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V, \text{ circuit of Figure 2}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$



10µs/div

ILDO_

MAX8645X/MAX8645Y

Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	PIN	Supply Voltage Input. Bypass to PGND with a 10µF ceramic capacitor. The input voltage range is 2.7V to 5.5V. PIN is high impedance during shutdown.
2	IN	Chip Supply Voltage Input. Bypass to GND with a 10μ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the IC. The input voltage range is 2.7V to 5.5V. IN is high impedance during shutdown.
3	GND	Ground. Connect GND to system ground and the input bypass capacitor as close as possible to the IC.
4	LDO1	LDO1 Output. Bypass with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor to GND. LDO1 is pulled to ground through an internal 400k Ω resistor during shutdown.
5	LDO2	LDO2 Output. Bypass with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor to GND. LDO2 is pulled to ground through an internal 400k Ω resistor during shutdown.
6	REFBP	Reference Filter. Bypass REFBP with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor to GND.
7	SETF	Bias Current Set Input for F1, F2. The current flowing out of SETF sets the maximum (100%) bias current into each LED. V _{SETF} is internally biased to 0.6V. Connect a resistor (R _{SETF}) from SETF to GND to set the flash current. R _{SETF} = 82.8 / I _{LED(MAX)} . SETF is high impedance during shutdown.
8	SETM	Bias Current Set Input for M1–M4. The current flowing out of SETM sets the maximum (100%) bias current into each LED. V_{SETM} is internally biased to 0.6V. Connect a resistor (R_{SETM}) from SETM to GND to set the main LED current. R_{SETM} = 138 / $I_{LED(MAX)}$. SETM is high impedance during shutdown.
9, 10	F2, F1	400mA Combined-Current Flash LED Cathode Connection and Charge-Pump Feedback. Current flowing into F_ is based on I _{SETF} . The charge pump regulates the lowest F_ voltage to 0.15V. Grounding any F_ input forces OUT to operate at approximately 5V. Connect F_ to OUT if this LED is not populated.
11–16	M6-M1	30mA Main LED Cathode Connection and Charge-Pump Feedback. Current flowing into M_ is based on the EN_c configuration and I_{SETM} . The charge pump regulates the lowest M_ input voltage to 0.15V. Grounding any M_ forces OUT to operate at approximately 5V. Connect M_ to OUT if this LED is not populated.
17	P2	Default Output-Voltage Select Input. P1 and P2 set the LDO1 and LDO2 voltages to one of nine combinations (Table 2). P2 is high impedance in an off condition and shortly after an on condition.
18	ENLDO	LDO Output Enable. Drive to a logic-level high to turn on both LDOs. Drive to a logic-level low to turn off both LDOs.
19	ENM2	Enable and Dimming Control for M1–M6. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level high to turn on the main LEDs. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level low to turn off the main LEDs. Alternate dimming techniques are discussed in the <i>Applications Information</i> section.
20	ENM1	Enable and Dimming Control for M1–M6. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level high to turn on the main LEDs. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level low to turn off the main LEDs. Alternate dimming techniques are discussed in the <i>Applications Information</i> section.
21	ENF	Enable and Dimming Control for F1, F2. Drive ENF to a logic-level high to turn on the flash LEDs. Drive ENF to a logic-level low to turn off the flash LEDs. Dimming techniques are discussed in the <i>Applications Information</i> section.
22	C1N	Transfer Capacitor 1 Negative Connection. Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between C1P and C1N. C1N is internally shorted to IN during shutdown.

Pin Description (continued)

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
23	C1P	Transfer Capacitor 1 Positive Connection. Connect a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor between C1P and C1N. During shutdown, if OUT > IN, C1P is shorted to OUT. If OUT < IN, C1P is shorted to IN.
24	PGND	Power Ground. Connect PGND to system ground. PGND is used for charge-pump switching currents.
25	OUT	Charge-Pump Output. Bypass OUT to GND with a 10 μ F ceramic capacitor. Connect to the anodes of all the LEDs. OUT is internally pulled to ground through a 5k Ω resistor during shutdown.
26	C2P	Transfer Capacitor 2 Positive Connection. Connect a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor between C2P and C2N. During shutdown, if OUT > IN, C2P is shorted to OUT. If OUT < IN, C2P is shorted to IN.
27	C2N	Transfer Capacitor 2 Negative Connection. Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between C2P and C2N. C2N is internally shorted to IN during shutdown.
28	P1	Default Output-Voltage Select Input. P1 and P2 set the LDO1 and LDO2 voltages to one of nine combinations (Table 2). P1 is high impedance in an off condition and shortly after in an on condition.
	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect to GND and PGND.

Detailed Description

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y charge pumps drive up to six white LEDs in the main display for backlighting and up to two white LEDs for flash, all with regulated constant current for uniform intensity. By utilizing adaptive 1x/1.5x/2x charge-pump modes and very-low-dropout current regulators, they achieve high efficiency over the 1-cell lithium-battery input voltage range. 1MHz fixed-frequency switching allows for tiny external components and low input ripple. Two on-board 200mA programmable-output-voltage LDOs are provided to meet camera-module requirements.

1x to 1.5x Switchover

When V_{IN} is higher than V_{OUT}, the MAX8645X/ MAX8645Y operate in 1x mode and V_{OUT} is pulled up to V_{IN}. The internal current regulators regulate the LED current. As V_{IN} drops, V_M (or V_F) eventually falls below the switchover threshold of 100mV and the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y start switching in 1.5x mode. When the input voltage rises above V_{OUT} by approximately 50mV, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y switch back to 1x mode.

1.5x to 2x Switchover

When V_{IN} is less than V_{OUT} but greater than 2/3 V_{OUT}, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y operate in 1.5x mode. The internal current regulators regulate the LED current. As V_{IN} drops, V_M (or V_F) eventually falls below the switchover threshold of 100mV, and the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y start switching in 2x mode. When the input voltage rises above 2/3 V_{OUT} by approximately 50mV, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y switch back to 1.5x mode.

True Shutdown is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Soft-Start

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y include soft-start circuitry to limit inrush current at turn-on. Once the input voltage is applied, the output capacitor is charged directly from the input with a ramped current source (with no charge-pump action) until the output voltage approaches the input voltage. Once the output capacitor is charged, the charge pump determines if 1x, 1.5x, or 2x mode is required. In the case of 1x mode, the soft-start is terminated and normal operation begins. In the case of 1.5x or 2x mode, soft-start operates until the lowest voltage of M1–M6 and F1, F2 reaches regulation. If the output is shorted to ground or is pulled to less than 1.25V, the output current is limited by soft-start.

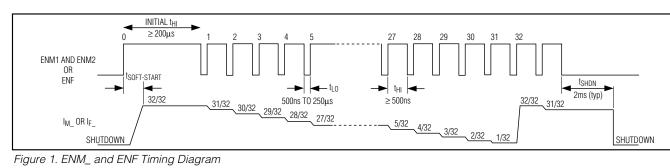
True Shutdown™ Mode

When ENM1, ENM2, and ENF are simultaneously held low for 2ms or longer, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y are shut down and put in a low-current shutdown mode, and the input is isolated from the output. OUT is internally pulled to GND with $5k\Omega$ during shutdown.

Thermal Derating

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y limit the maximum LED current depending on the die temperature. The maximum LED current is set by the RSETM and RSETF resistors. Once the temperature reaches +40°C, the LED current decreases by 1.7%/°C. Due to the package's exposed paddle, the die temperature is always very close to the PCB temperature.

The temperature derating function allows the LED current to be safely set higher at normal operating temperatures, thereby allowing either a brighter display or fewer LEDs to be used for normal display brightness.



Thermal Shutdown

The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y include a thermal-limit circuit that shuts down the IC at approximately +160°C. Turnon occurs after the IC cools by approximately 20°C.

Applications Information

Setting the Main Output Current

SETM controls M1–M6 regulation current. Current flowing into M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, and M6 is a multiple of the current flowing out of SETM:

IM1 = IM2 = IM3 = IM4 = IM5 = IM6 = K x (0.6V / RSETM)

where K = 23, 69, or 230 (depending upon the state of ENM1 and ENM2; see Table 1), and R_{SETM} is the resistor connected between SETM and GND (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*).

ENM1/ENM2 STATES	BRIGHTNESS	M1–M6 CURRENT
ENM1 = low, ENM2 = low	Shutdown	0
ENM1 = low, ENM2 = high	1/10 brightness	23 x I _{SETM}
ENM1 = high, ENM2 = low	3/10 brightness	69 x I _{SETM}
ENM1 = high, ENM2 = high	Full brightness	230 x I _{SETM}

Table 1. ENM1/ENM2 States

Setting the Flash Output Current

SETF controls the F1, F2 regulation current. Current flowing into F1 and F2 is a multiple of the current flowing out of SETF:

$$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = N \times (0.6V / R_{SETF})$$

where
$$N = 1380$$
.

Single-Wire Pulse Dimming

For more dimming flexibility or to reduce the number of control traces, the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y support serial pulse dimming. Connect ENM1 and ENM2 together to enable single-wire pulse dimming of the main LEDs (or ENF only for single-wire pulse dimming of the flash LEDs). When ENM1 and ENM2 (or ENF) go high

simultaneously, the main (or flash) LEDs are enabled at full brightness. Each subsequent low-going pulse (500ns to 250µs pulse width) reduces the LED current by 3.125% (1/32), so after one pulse, the LED current is 96.9% (or 31/32) x ILED. The 31st pulse reduces the current to 0.03125 x ILED. The 32nd pulse sets the LED current back to ILED. Figure 1 shows a timing diagram for single-wire pulse dimming. Because soft-start is longer than the initial t_{HI}, apply dimming pulses quickly upon startup (after initial t_{HI}) to avoid LED current transitioning through full brightness.

Simple On/Off Control

If dimming control is not required, connect ENM1 to ENM2 for simple on/off control. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level high to turn on the main LEDs. Drive both ENM1 and ENM2 to a logic-level low to turn off the main LEDs. ENF is the simple on/off control for the flash LEDs. Drive ENF to a logic-level high to turn on the flash LEDs. Drive ENF to a logic-level low to turn off the flash LEDs. In this case, LED current is set by the values of RSETM and RSETF.

Dimming Using PWM into ENM1

Use ENM2 for shutdown and drive ENM1 with a PWM signal. LED brightness can be varied from 10% to full brightness based upon the duty cycle of the PWM signal. Drive ENM2 high to keep the IC on, eliminating any soft-start delay that would impede PWM control and allowing a PWM frequency up to 5kHz (Figure 2).

Driving Fewer than Eight LEDs

When driving fewer than eight LEDs, two connection schemes can be used. The first scheme is shown in Figure 3 where LED drivers are connected together. This method allows increased current through the LED and effectively allows total LED current to be ILED multiplied by the number of connected drivers. The second method of connection is shown in Figure 4 where standard white LEDs are used and fewer than eight are connected. This scheme does not alter current through each LED but ensures that the unused LED driver is properly disabled.



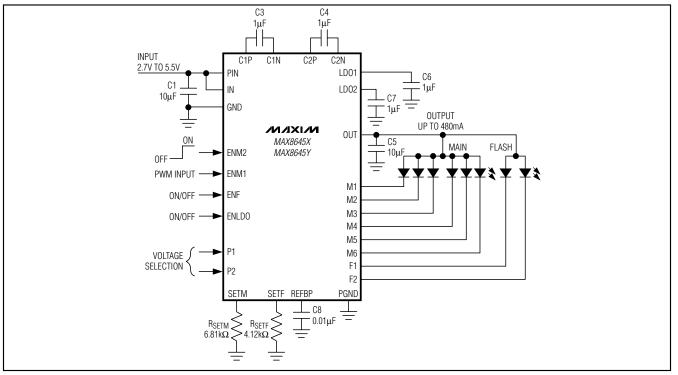


Figure 2. Dimming Using PWM Signal into ENM1

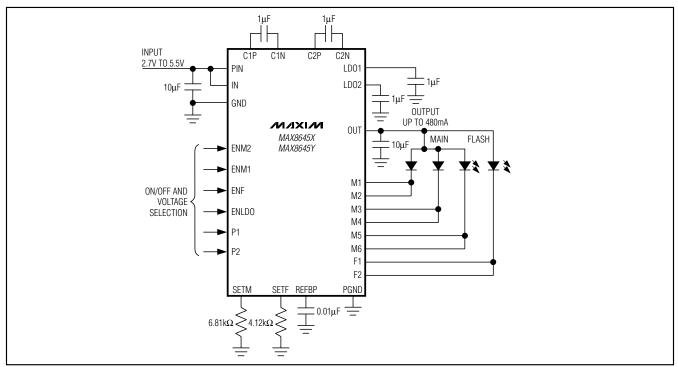


Figure 3. Providing Increased LED Current per LED

MAX8645X/MAX8645Y



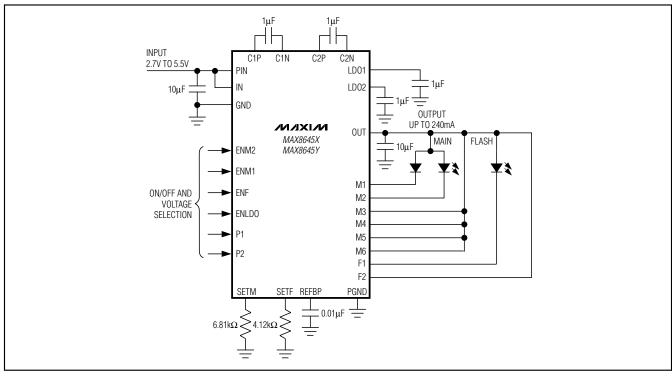


Figure 4. Schematic for When Fewer than 8 LEDs Are Acceptable

Input Ripple

For LED drivers, input ripple is more important than output ripple. Input ripple is highly dependent on the source supply's impedance. Adding a lowpass filter to the input further reduces input ripple. Alternately, increasing C_{IN} to 22μ F cuts input ripple in half with only a small increase in footprint. The 1x mode always has very low input ripple.

Typical operating waveforms shown in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* show input ripple current in 1x, 1.5x, and 2x modes.

LDO Output Voltage Selection (P1 and P2)

As shown in Table 2, the LDO output voltages, LDO1 and LDO2 are pin programmable by the logic states of P1 and P2. P1 and P2 are tri-level inputs: IN, open, and GND. The input voltage, V_{IN} , must be greater than the selected LDO1 and LDO2 voltages. The logic states of P1 and P2 can be programmed only during ENLDO low. Once the LDO_ voltages are programmed, their values do not change by changing P1 or P2 during ENLDO high.

Component Selection

Use only ceramic capacitors with an X5R, X7R, or better dielectric. See Table 3 for a list of recommended parts.

Table 2. P1 and P2, LDO Output VoltageSelection

P1	P2	MAX8	3645X	MAX8	3645Y
	P2	LDO1 (V)	LDO2 (V)	LDO1 (V)	LDO2 (V)
IN	IN	3.3	1.8	2.8	2.6
IN	OPEN	3.0	1.5	2.8	2.8
IN	GND	2.8	1.5	2.9	1.5
OPEN	IN	3.3	1.5	2.6	1.9
OPEN	OPEN	2.6	1.8	2.6	2.6
OPEN	GND	2.6	1.5	2.8	1.9
GND	IN	3.0	1.8	2.9	1.8
GND	OPEN	2.8	1.8	2.9	1.9
GND	GND	2.5	1.8	2.9	2.9

Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between LDO1 and GND, and a second 1µF ceramic capacitor between LDO2 and GND for 200mA applications. The LDO output capacitor's (C_{LDO}) equivalent series resistance (ESR) affects stability and output noise. Use output capacitors with an ESR of 0.1 Ω or less to ensure stability and optimum transient response. Connect C_{LDO} as close as possible to the MAX8645X/MAX8645Y to minimize the impact of PCB trace inductance.



Table 3. Recommended Components for Figure 2

DESIGNATION	VALUE	MANUFACTURER	PART	DESCRIPTION
C1, C5	10µF	TDK	C2012X5R0J106M	10µF ±20%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitors (0805)
C3, C4, C6, C7	1µF	TDK	C1005X5R0J105M	1µF ±20%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitors (0402)
C8	0.01µF	TDK	C1005X7R1E103K	0.01µF ±10%, 25V X7R ceramic capacitor (0402)
D1–D4		Nichia	NSCW215T	White LEDs
D5 (D5–D8)		Nichia	NBCW011T	White LEDs, 4 LEDs in one package
Dorry Dorre	As	Panasonic		1% resistors
RSETM, RSETF	required	Vishay		

PCB Layout and Routing

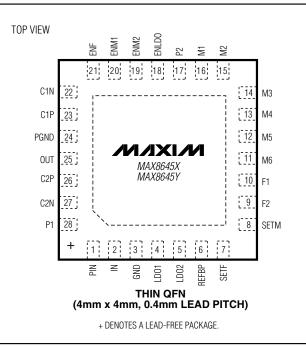
The MAX8645X/MAX8645Y are high-frequency, switched-capacitor voltage regulators. For best circuit performance, use a solid ground plane and place C_{IN}, C_{OUT}, C3, and C4 as close as possible to the IC. There should be no vias on C_{IN}. Connect GND and PGND to the exposed paddle directly under the IC. Refer to the MAX8645Y evaluation kit for an example.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

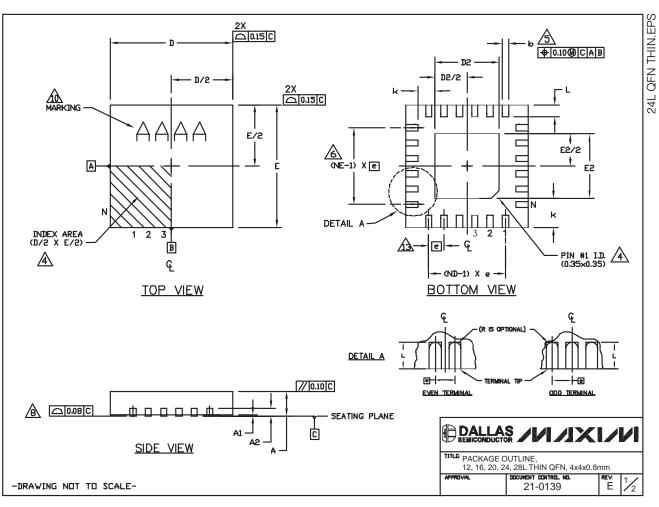
Pin Configuration

1AX8645X/MAX8645Y



Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/packages</u>.)

						DIME	INSI	INS									E	XPDS	SED	PAD	VAR	ITAI	DNS	-
PKG	12	2L 4×	(4	16	SL 4x	4	20	L 4x	4	24	4L 4×	:4	2	BL 4>	< 4		PKG.		D2			E5		DOWN
REF.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	MEN.	NDM.	MAX.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.		PKG. CODES	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	ALLOVI
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80		T1244-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
A1	0.0	0.02	0.05	0.0	0.02	0.05	0,0	0.02	0.05	0.0	0.02	0.05	0,0	20.0	0.05		T1244-4	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
A2	0	.20 RE	F	0	.20 RE	F	0.	20 RE	F	0	20 RE	F	0	20 RE	F		T1644-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.15	0.20	0.25		T1644-4	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
D	3,90	4.00	4,10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10		T2044-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
E	3.90		4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90		4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90		4.10		T2044-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
e		0.80 BS	-		65 BS			50 BS			.50 BS			1.40 BS	_		T2444-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
ĸ	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-		T2444-3	2.45	2.60	2.63	2.45	2.60	2.63	YES
<u>L</u>	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45		0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.30	0.40	0.50		T2444-4	2.45	2.60	2.63	2.45	2.60	2.63	ND
N		12			16			20			24			28			T2844-1	2.50	2.60	2.70	2.50	2.60	2.70	ND
ND NE		3			4			5			6			7										
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